

It is more than important. It is the most important thing out there that we make sure of two things: that we protect these trade routes on the high seas for goods coming in and out of this country; number 2, we have to secure our ports and coastline from drugs, from illegal immigrants, and, most importantly, from a weapon of mass destruction that might be smuggled to our shoreline and then detonated by one of our port cities. That is easier to do than it is now to fly an airplane and land in an American airport and set something off. It is also easier to do than it is to cross the southern border and sneak across with some weapon of mass destruction. It is easier to get a ship or a cargo container ship with a weapon of mass destruction off of an American coast than it is to get it into this country any other way.

When it comes to maritime transportation, Americans are leading the way in making these ships. We just made in San Diego, a company called NASSCO, a shipbuilding company in San Diego just built or is in the process of building right now the very first liquified natural gas-powered ships. They are not container ships that carry liquified natural gas, LNG, but they are powered by it. They are the first ones in the world. They are being made here in this country. So we might not be able to make cheap ships as easily as nations that don't have the same labor laws or environmental laws, but we can still make the most technologically advanced ships in the world, and we are doing that today.

Lastly, the Coast Guard, approximately 41,000 military personnel—and to my friends that say that the U.S. Coast Guard should be under Homeland Security, the Coast Guard is a fifth branch of the U.S. military. It is actually under DOD. So if we want to move it anywhere, I would say put it under the Armed Services Committee.

Approximately 41,000 military personnel, 8,000 reservists, 8,500 civilian employees, and 30,000 volunteers of the Coast Guard Auxiliary comprise this adaptable responsive military force within the Department of Homeland Security.

As one the Nation's five Armed Forces, the Coast Guard also is prepared to operate as a specialized service to the Navy in times of war or at the President's direction. The Coast Guard is instrumental to the security of our Nation and our maritime transportation system of this Nation which, both of those, are, in turn, the most important things that we can look at when it comes to the high seas and maintaining a robust economy and secure shores.

With that, Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. LARSEN of Washington. Mr. Speaker, the Arctic is fast becoming the 21st-century version of the Northwest Passage. Just four years ago, two German ships followed a Russian icebreaker to complete the first commercial shipment across the Arctic. Last year, with

the warmest Arctic summer on record, 46 ships made the crossing. An active and well-maintained icebreaker fleet is a key part of our country's responsibility as an Arctic nation.

As Ranking Member of the Coast Guard subcommittee in the 112th Congress, I had the privilege to work with Representative LOBIONDO, who was the Chairman at that time. We agreed it was time for the Coast Guard to make a decision about how to move forward with its icebreaker fleet. In the last Coast Guard reauthorization bill, we asked the agency to look at the business case for reactivating the *Polar Sea*, which is currently docked in Seattle.

That analysis showed that for about \$100 million, we could have a functioning *Polar Sea*, which is about one-tenth the price tag for a brand new icebreaker. In my view that is a bargain.

However, the Coast Guard still has not come to a conclusion about what to do with the *Polar Sea*. Instead, it is currently sitting in cold storage in Seattle. Every day the *Polar Sea* sits without maintenance it loses value.

The bill before us would require the Coast Guard to use the analysis Representative LOBIONDO and I requested and make a decision about the *Polar Sea*.

I was pleased to hear Coast Guard Admiral Papp talk about reactivation of the *Polar Sea* in a positive light during a subcommittee hearing last week. I believe the right course of action is to reactivate the *Polar Sea*.

But that decision needs to be made soon.

The Coast Guard also needs to start moving on the next generation of icebreakers.

I understand that the intent of this legislation is to encourage the Department of Defense, the National Science Foundation and other interested agencies to partner with the Coast Guard in building a new fleet of icebreakers.

However, I am concerned that by tying the Coast Guard's hands until those agencies fully engage in this process, we may be delaying much needed progress towards building a new icebreaker.

That's why I am pleased that Chairman DUNCAN and Ranking Member GARAMENDI included some changes I requested to the icebreaker language in this bill to ensure that we do not hinder what little progress is being made on icebreakers today.

I hope we can continue to work together to ensure our country meets its responsibilities as an Arctic nation.

I urge my colleagues to support this bill.

Mr. LOBIONDO. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 4005, the "Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Act." I want to commend Chairman HUNTER, Ranking Member GARAMENDI, and their staffs for the amount of work they put in to have this bipartisan measure brought to the floor.

This important legislation contains a provision based on the "Commercial Vessel Discharges Reform Act of 2013" introduced by myself and Mr. LARSEN. This provision puts in place a permanent moratorium from Environmental Protection Agency, state regulations and fines governing incidental discharges from commercial fishing vessels and all other commercial vessels less than 79 feet. With our stagnant economy, the government must not enact federal penalties which could discourage economic growth and job creation. The fines that are scheduled to be levied against our commercial fishermen for incidental charges

will be devastating to our national and local South Jersey businesses.

In conclusion, I'd also like to praise the tireless efforts on behalf of all Coasties that our colleague Mr. COBLE has worked on during his entire career in the House. A Coasty himself, he has always fought for the men and women serving in this distinguished uniform and we will surely miss him.

I urge all my colleagues to support H.R. 4005.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. HUNTER) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4005, as amended.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

AUTHORIZING USE OF CAPITOL GROUNDS FOR NATIONAL PEACE OFFICERS' MEMORIAL SERVICE

Mr. BARLETTA. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 92) authorizing the use of the Capitol Grounds for the National Peace Officers Memorial Service and the National Honor Guard and Pipe Band Exhibition.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 92

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),

SECTION 1. USE OF THE CAPITOL GROUNDS FOR NATIONAL PEACE OFFICERS MEMORIAL SERVICE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Grand Lodge of the Fraternal Order of Police and its auxiliary shall be permitted to sponsor a public event, the 33rd Annual National Peace Officers Memorial Service (in this resolution referred to as the "Memorial Service"), on the Capitol Grounds, in order to honor the law enforcement officers who died in the line of duty during 2013.

(b) DATE OF MEMORIAL SERVICE.—The Memorial Service shall be held on May 15, 2014, or on such other date as the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate jointly designate, with preparation for the event to begin on May 12, 2014.

SEC. 2. USE OF THE CAPITOL GROUNDS FOR NATIONAL HONOR GUARD AND PIPE BAND EXHIBITION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Grand Lodge of the Fraternal Order of Police and its auxiliary shall be permitted to sponsor a public event, the National Honor Guard and Pipe Band Exhibition (in this resolution referred to as the "Exhibition"), on the Capitol Grounds, in order to allow law enforcement representatives to exhibit their ability to demonstrate Honor Guard programs and provide for a bag pipe exhibition.

(b) DATE OF EXHIBITION.—The exhibition shall be held on May 14, 2014, or on such other date as the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate jointly designate.

SEC. 3. TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Under conditions to be prescribed by the Architect of the Capitol

and the Capitol Police Board, the event shall be—

(1) free of admission charge and open to the public; and

(2) arranged not to interfere with the needs of Congress.

(b) **EXPENSES AND LIABILITIES.**—The sponsors of the Memorial Service and Exhibition shall assume full responsibility for all expenses and liabilities incident to all activities associated with the events.

SEC. 4. EVENT PREPARATIONS.

Subject to the approval of the Architect of the Capitol, the sponsors referred to in section 3(b) are authorized to erect upon the Capitol Grounds such stage, sound amplification devices, and other related structures and equipment, as may be required for the Memorial Service and Exhibition.

SEC. 5. ENFORCEMENT OF RESTRICTIONS.

The Capitol Police Board shall provide for enforcement of the restrictions contained in section 5104(c) of title 40, United States Code, concerning sales, advertisements, displays, and solicitations on the Capitol Grounds, as well as other restrictions applicable to the Capitol Grounds, in connection with the events.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. BARLETTA) and the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. CARSON) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Pennsylvania.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. BARLETTA. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and to include extraneous material on H. Con. Res. 92.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

Mr. BARLETTA. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself as much time as I may consume.

H. Con. Res. 92 authorizes the use of the Capitol Grounds for the annual National Peace Officers Memorial Service and the National Honor Guard and Pipe Band Exhibition. I am pleased to be the sponsor of this resolution along with the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. CARSON).

These events are held each year as part of Police Week to honor the men and women who sacrifice their lives in the line of duty.

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This year, over 110 Federal, State, and local law enforcement officers will be honored for their ultimate sacrifice—giving their lives in the line of duty to protect us.

Three of these officers are from Pennsylvania, including one from my district, Correctional Officer Eric Williams of Nanticoke, Pennsylvania. Officer Williams was beaten and stabbed to death by an inmate in Federal prison in Wayne County. These officers put their lives on the line every day, doing a hard job that protects law-abiding citizens from violent criminals. Officer Williams' sacrifice and the sacrifices of those like him should not be forgotten.

I support the passage of this resolution.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. CARSON of Indiana. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

As a former law enforcement officer from the great State of Indiana, I am a very proud supporter of this resolution to honor law enforcement officers killed in the line of duty in 2013. The 111 officers who will be honored in May have made the ultimate sacrifice on behalf of their local communities.

Compared to last year, the number of officers slain has decreased by 8 percent. This represents the fewest number of officers killed since 1959. In addition, 2013 had the lowest number of officer deaths related to firearms since 1887. Every life taken is one too many, so any reduction is significant to our officers, to their families, and to the communities they serve. Sadly, my hometown of Indianapolis, Indiana, is still grieving one of our own who was killed in the line of duty last year.

Officer Rod Bradway, a 41-year-old Indianapolis Metro police officer, was killed while responding to a domestic violence dispute on September 20, 2013. Officer Bradway was a 5-year veteran of the police department, and is survived by his wife and two teenage daughters. He had already received the Indianapolis Police Department's Medal of Bravery, and he had previously served as a Wayne Township firefighter and EMT.

Thousands of residents of Indianapolis turned out for Officer Bradway's memorial service in downtown Indianapolis. They believe, as I do, that he was a hero who died while serving others. My deepest condolences go to Officer Bradway's family and to the rest of the hardworking Metro police officers.

I strongly support this bill because I know that the National Peace Officers' Memorial Service will show the proper respect to Officer Bradway and to all other law enforcement officers who have given everything to protect our communities. I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting this tribute to our fallen law enforcement officers.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. BARLETTA. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of H. Con. Res. 92, which authorizes the use of the Capitol grounds for the National Peace Officers Memorial Service and the National Honor Guard and Pipe Band Exhibition. It is altogether fitting and proper that we do this.

The National Law Enforcement Officers Memorial is the nation's monument to law enforcement officers who have died in the line of duty.

Dedicated on October 15, 1991, the Memorial honors federal, state and local law enforcement officers who have made the ultimate sacrifice for the safety and protection of our nation and its people. Carved on its walls are the names of 19,981 officers who have been killed in the line of duty throughout U.S.

history, dating back to the first known death in 1791.

Enshrined on the Memorial Wall of Honor are the names of 1,653 fallen peace officers from the state of Texas, the most of any state, including 114 members of the Houston Police Department who gave their lives to keep their city safe. I ask unanimous consent to include a list of these fallen heroes from Houston, Texas.

Mr. Speaker, today there are more than 900,000 law enforcement personnel serving the people of our country, the highest amount ever. About 12 percent of them are female.

These brave men and women risk their lives to keep the peace and keep us safe but they are too often taken by the violence they are working to prevent. Every year, a law enforcement officer is killed somewhere in the United States every 57 hours, and there are also 58,261 assaults against our law officers each year, resulting in 15,658 injuries.

Mr. Speaker, as a member of the Law Enforcement Caucus I am proud to represent the people of the 18th Congressional District of Texas in paying tribute to the 321 fallen heroes who will be joining the 19,981 gallant men and women who gave the last full measure of devotion to the communities they took an oath to protect and serve.

Mr. Speaker, I ask for a moment of silence in memory of the officers whose names will be added to the National Peace Officers Memorial Wall of Honor.

HOUSTON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS MEMORIALIZED ON THE WALL OF HONOR

1. Timothy Scott Abernethy, End of Watch: December 7, 2008, Houston, Texas, P.D.
2. Charles H. Baker, End of Watch: August 16, 1979, Houston, Texas, P.D.
3. Johnny Terrell Bamsch, End of Watch: January 30, 1975, Houston, Texas, P.D.
4. Claude R. Beck, End of Watch: December 10, 1971, Houston, Texas, P.D.
5. Jack B. Beets, End of Watch: March 30, 1955, Houston, Texas, P.D.
6. Troy A. Blando, End of Watch: May 19, 1999, Houston, Texas, P.D.
7. James Charles Boswell, End of Watch: December 9, 1989, Houston, Texas, P.D.
8. C. E. Branon, End of Watch: March 20, 1959, Houston, Texas, P.D.
9. John M. Cain, End of Watch: August 3, 1911, Houston, Texas, P.D.
10. Richard H. Calhoun, End of Watch: October 10, 1975, Houston Texas Police Department.
11. Dionicio M. Camacho, End of Watch: October 23, 2009, Harris County, Texas, S.O.
12. Henry Canales, End of Watch: June 23, 2009, Houston, Texas, P.D.
13. Frank Manuel Cantu Jr., End of Watch: March 25, 2004, Houston, Texas, P.D.
14. E. C. Chavez, End of Watch: September 17, 1925, Houston, Texas, P.D.
15. Charles Roy Clark, End of Watch: April 3, 2003, Houston, Texas, P.D.
16. Charles Robert Coates, II, End of Watch: February 23, 1983, Houston, Texas, P.D.
17. Pete Corrales, End of Watch: January 25, 1925, Houston, Texas, P.D.
18. Rufus E. Daniels, End of Watch: August 23, 1917, Houston, Texas, P.D.
19. Johnnie Davidson, End of Watch: February 19, 1921, Houston, Texas, P.D.
20. Worth Davis, End of Watch: June 17, 1928, Houston, Texas, P.D.
21. Keith Alan Dees, End of Watch: March 7, 2002, Houston, Texas, P.D.
22. Reuben Becerra Deleon, Jr., End of Watch: October 26, 2005, Houston, Texas, P.D.

23. William Edwin Deleon, End of Watch: March 29, 1982, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 24. Floyd T. Deloach Jr., End of Watch: June 30, 1965, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 25. George D. Edwards, End of Watch: June 30, 1939, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 26. Dawn Suzanne Erickson End of Watch: December 24, 1995, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 27. J. C. Etheridge, End of Watch: August 23, 1924, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 28. James E. Fenn, End of Watch: March 14, 1891, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 29. E. D. Fitzgerald, End of Watch: September 30, 1930, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 30. C. Edward Foley, End of Watch: March 10, 1860, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 31. Joseph Robert Free, End of Watch: October 18, 1912, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 32. Guy P. Gaddis, End of Watch: January 31, 1994, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 33. James T. Gambill, End of Watch: December 1, 1936, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 34. Florentino M. Garcia, Jr., End of Watch: November 10, 1989, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 35. Ben Eddie Gerhart, End of Watch: June 26, 1968, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 36. G. Q. Gonzalez, End of Watch: February 28, 1960, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 37. Charles R. Gougenheim, End of Watch: April 30, 1955, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 38. Carl Greene, End of Watch: March 14, 1928, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 39. Leon Griggs, End of Watch: January 31, 1970, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 40. Maria Michelle Groves, End of Watch: April 10, 1987, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 41. Gary Allen Gryder, End of Watch: June 29, 2008, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 42. Antonio Guzman, JF, End of Watch: January 9, 1973, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 43. Howard B. Hammond, End of Watch: August 18, 1946, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 44. James Donald Harris, End of Watch: July 13, 1982, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 45. David Michael Healy, End of Watch: November 12, 1994, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 46. Timothy A. Hearn, End of Watch: June 8, 1978, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 47. Oscar Hope, End of Watch: June 22, 1929, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 48. Elston M. Howard, End of Watch: July 20, 1988, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 49. David Huerta, End of Watch: September 19, 1973, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 50. James Bruce Irby, End of Watch: June 27, 1990, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 51. Bobby L. James, End of Watch: June 26, 1968, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 52. John C. James, End of Watch: December 12, 1901, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 53. Rodney Joseph Johnson, End of Watch: September 21, 2006, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 54. Ed Jones, End of Watch: September 13, 1929, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 55. P.P. Jones, End of Watch: January 30, 1927, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 56. Frank L. Kellogg, End of Watch: November 30, 1955, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 57. S.A. Buster Kent, End of Watch: January 12, 1954, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 58. James F. Kilty, End of Watch: April 8, 1976, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 59. Kent Dean Kincaid, End of Watch: May 23, 1998, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 60. Louis R. Kuba, End of Watch: May 17, 1967, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 61. J.D. Landry, End of Watch: December 3, 1930, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 62. Robert Wayne Lee, End of Watch: January 31, 1971, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 63. Fred Maddox Jr., End of Watch: February 24, 1954, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 64. Eydelmen Mani, End of Watch: May 19, 2010, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 65. A.P. Marshall, End of Watch: November 8, 1937, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 66. Charles R. McDaniel, End of Watch: August 4, 1963, Houston, Texas, P.D.

67. E.G. Meinke, End of Watch: August 23, 1917, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 68. Harry Mereness, End of Watch: October 18, 1933, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 69. Noel R. Miller, End of Watch: June 6, 1958, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 70. Kenneth L. Moody, End of Watch: November 26, 1969, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 71. Horace Moody, End of Watch: August 23, 1917, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 72. William Moss, End of Watch: September 12, 1983, Houston Airport Police, Texas
 73. Dave Murdock, End of Watch: June 27, 1921, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 74. William E. Murphy, End of Watch: April 1, 1910, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 75. David Franklin Noel, End of Watch: June 17, 1972, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 76. M.E. Palmer, End of Watch: March 24, 1938, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 77. Isaac Parson, End of Watch: May 24, 1914, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 78. Ross Patton, End of Watch: August 23, 1917, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 79. W.B. Phares, End of Watch: September 30, 1930, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 80. Herbert N. Planer, End of Watch: February 18, 1965 Houston, Texas, P.D.
 81. Ira Raney, End of Watch: August 23, 1917, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 82. Winston J. Rawlings, End of Watch: March 29, 1982, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 83. Jerry Lawrence Riley, End of Watch: June 18, 1974, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 84. John Charles Risley End of Watch: October 23, 2000, Harris County, Texas, S.O.
 85. Sandra Ann Robbins, End of Watch: March 17, 1991, South Houston, Texas, P.D.
 86. George G. Rojas, End of Watch: January 28, 1976, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 87. Michael P. Roman, End of Watch: January 6, 1994, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 88. John Anthony Salvaggio, End of Watch: November 25, 1990, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 89. Louis L. Sander, End of Watch: January 21, 1967, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 90. Jeffery Scott Sanford, End of Watch: September 14, 1991, Harris County, Texas, S.O.
 91. Kathleen C. Schaefer, End of Watch: August 18, 1982, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 92. Robert Schulte, End of Watch: August 25, 1956, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 93. Daryl Wayne Shirley End of Watch: April 28, 1982, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 94. Richard Snow, End of Watch: March 17, 1882, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 95. Bruno David Soboleski, End of Watch: April 12, 1991, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 96. Jerry Leon Spruill, End of Watch: October 27, 1972, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 97. R H Sullivan, End of Watch: March 9, 1935, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 98. John W Suttle, End of Watch: August 3, 1959, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 99. Cuong Huy Trinh, End of Watch: April 6, 1997, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 100. Alberto Vasquez, End of Watch: May 22, 2001, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 101. James T Walker, End of Watch: March 8, 1963, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 102. Victor R Wells III, End of Watch: October 2, 1980, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 103. R O Wells, End of Watch: July 30, 1927, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 104. Albert Charles Wilkins, End of Watch: January 6, 1978, Harris County, Texas, C.O.
 105. Kevin Scott Will, End of Watch: May 29, 2011, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 106. Henry Williams, End of Watch: February 8, 1886, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 107. William C Williams, Jr., End of Watch: April 16, 1930, Harris County, Texas, S.O.
 108. Edd Williams, End of Watch: January 12, 1974, Harris County, Texas, S.O.
 109. James Franklin Willis, End of Watch: July 1, 1964, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 110. Marvin Alton Winter, End of Watch: December 4, 1937, Harris County, Texas, C.O., Pct. 4

111. Andrew Winzer, End of Watch: February 18, 1988, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 112. Jeter Young, End of Watch: June 19, 1921, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 113. Herman Youngst, End of Watch: December 12, 1901, Houston, Texas, P.D.
 114. Joe A Zamarron 60-W: 2, End of Watch: April 18, 1981, Houston, Texas, P.D.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. BARLETTA) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 92.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

AUTHORIZING USE OF CAPITOL GROUNDS FOR GREATER WASHINGTON SOAP BOX DERBY

Mr. BARLETTA. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 88) authorizing the use of the Capitol Grounds for the Greater Washington Soap Box Derby.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 88

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),

SECTION 1. USE OF CAPITOL GROUNDS FOR SOAP BOX DERBY RACES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Greater Washington Soap Box Derby Association (in this resolution referred to as the “sponsor”) shall be permitted to sponsor a public event, soap box derby races (in this resolution referred to as the “event”), on the Capitol Grounds.

(b) DATE OF EVENT.—The event shall be held on June 14, 2014, or on such other date as the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate jointly designate.

SEC. 2. TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Under conditions to be prescribed by the Architect of the Capitol and the Capitol Police Board, the event shall be—

(1) free of admission charge and open to the public; and

(2) arranged not to interfere with the needs of Congress.

(b) EXPENSES AND LIABILITIES.—The sponsor shall assume full responsibility for all expenses and liabilities incident to all activities associated with the event.

SEC. 3. EVENT PREPARATIONS.

Subject to the approval of the Architect of the Capitol, the sponsor is authorized to erect upon the Capitol Grounds such stage, sound amplification devices, and other related structures and equipment as may be required for the event.

SEC. 4. ADDITIONAL ARRANGEMENTS.

The Architect of the Capitol and the Capitol Police Board are authorized to make such additional arrangements as may be required to carry out the event.

SEC. 5. ENFORCEMENT OF RESTRICTIONS.

The Capitol Police Board shall provide for enforcement of the restrictions contained in section 5104(c) of title 40, United States Code, concerning sales, advertisements, displays, and solicitations on the Capitol Grounds, as